

SECTION 1 Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : 10% Clear Mint Whitening
Product code : N/A - Cosmetic

1.2. Other means of identification

No additional information available

1.3. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Tooth Whitening
Restrictions on use : No additional information available

1.4. Supplier's details

Prismatik Dentalcraft, Inc.
2144 Michelson Drive
Irvine, CA 92612, USA
T: (888)-303-3975

mail@glidewelldirect.com

1.5. Emergency phone number

Emergency number : 888-303-3975 (North America)

SECTION 2 Hazard Identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1A	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitization, Category 1	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Reproductive toxicity, Category 2	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

2.2. Label elements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)	:	  
Signal word (GHS US)	:	Danger
Hazard statements (GHS US)	:	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
Precautionary statements (GHS US)	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing.

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If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents and/or container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulations.

2.3. Hazards associated with known or reasonably anticipated uses

No additional information available

2.4. Hazards not otherwise classified

No additional information available

2.5. Unknown acute toxicity

No additional information available

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	Conc. (% w/w)	GHS US classification
Urea hydrogen peroxide	CAS-No.: 124-43-6	5-15*	Ox. Sol. 2, H272 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	CAS-No.: 9003-01-4	1 - 5*	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Sodium fluoride	CAS-No.: 7681-49-4	0.1 - 1*	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Repr. 2, H361
Oils, peppermint	CAS-No.: 8006-90-4	0.1 - 1*	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317

*Chemical name, CAS number and/or exact concentration have been withheld as a trade secret

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SECTION 4 First aid measures

4.1. Description of necessary first-aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash off immediately and plentifully with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. Wash clothing before re-using. Seek medical attention if ill effect or irritation develops.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Wash immediately with plenty water (during 20 minutes), also under eyelids. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes severe skin burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

4.3. Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Note to physician :	: Treat symptomatically.
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SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard	: On combustion, forms: carbon oxides (CO and CO ₂).
Explosion hazard	: No direct explosion hazard.
Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	: Toxic fumes may be released. Thermal decomposition may produce : Carbon oxides (CO, CO ₂).

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.
Other information	: Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures	: Avoid any direct contact with the product. Do not breathe vapors.
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For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Wear recommended personal protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.

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For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid release to the environment.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For containment	: Collect spillage.
Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Store away from other materials.
Other information	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For disposal of residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not breathe vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including incompatibilities

Storage conditions	: Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Keep container closed when not in use. Store locked up.
Incompatible materials	: Strong bases.
Specific end uses	: See Heading 1.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Glycerin mist
Remark (ACGIH®)	URT irr
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Glycerin (mist)
OSHA PEL TWA	15 mg/m³ (Total dust) 5 mg/m³ (Respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1
USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Glycerin mist

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1,2,3-Propanetriol (56-81-5)	
Cal/OSHA PEL (OEL TWA)	10 mg/m ³ (Total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (Respirable fraction)
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)

Triethanolamine (102-71-6)	
USA - ACGIH® - Threshold Limit Values	
Local name	Triethanolamine
ACGIH® TLV® TWA	5 mg/m ³
Remark (ACGIH®)	TLV® Basis: Eye & skin irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2025

USA - Cal/OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Triethanolamine
Cal/OSHA PEL (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m ³
Regulatory reference	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA) - Permissible Exposure Limit for Chemical Contaminants (Table AC-1)

Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)	
USA - IDLH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
IDLH	250 mg/m ³
USA - NIOSH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NIOSH REL TWA	2.5 mg/m ³

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Environmental exposure controls	: Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Hand protection:
Impermeable protective gloves. ISO 374-1. Choosing the proper glove is a decision that depends not only on the type of material, but also on other quality features, which differ for each manufacturer.
Eye protection:
Safety goggles. ISO 16321-1
Skin and body protection:
Long sleeved protective clothing.
Respiratory protection:
Wear suitable respiratory equipment in case of insufficient ventilation

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Gel.
Color	: Colorless
Odor	: Characteristics
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Non flammable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20°C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Particle characteristics	: No data available

9.2. Data relevant with regard to physical hazard classes (supplemental)

No additional information available

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Stable under normal conditions of use. No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce : Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂).

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SECTION 11 Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg body weight
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Oils, peppermint (8006-90-4)

LD50 oral rat	2426 mg/kg (Source: NZ_CCID)
ATE US (oral)	2426 mg/kg body weight

Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)

LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg Source: ECHA
LD50 oral	2500 mg/kg

2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)

LD50 oral rat	2500 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 oral	2500 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5.1 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation - Rat (Vapors)	> 5.1 mg/l/4h (OECD 403 method)
ATE US (oral)	1500 mg/kg body weight

Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)

LD50 oral rat	52 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LD50 dermal rat	175 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	1 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	52 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	175 mg/kg body weight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)

IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
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Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)

IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
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Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
STOT-single exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)

STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
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2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)	
NOAEL (dermal,rat/rabbit,90 days)	216 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/male,90 days)	26 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
NOAEL (subchronic,oral,animal/female,90 days)	37 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	100 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	≈ 4 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:EPA OPP 83-5 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	≈ 25 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: other:EPA OPP 83-5 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)	
Viscosity, kinematic	0.375 mm²/s
Symptoms/effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Causes severe skin burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.
Other information	: Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

SECTION 12 Ecological information

12.1. Ecotoxicity

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) : Not a OSHA HazCom 2024 hazard endpoint

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) : Not a OSHA HazCom 2024 hazard endpoint

Oils, peppermint (8006-90-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.844 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	6.888 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	4.662 mg/l Source: Ecological Structure Activity Relationships
Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	37.4 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	5.6 mg/l Source: ECHA
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	5.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:
LC50 - Fish [2]	37.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ictalurus punctatus
EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [2]	2 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:

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2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	580 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	47 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	95 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
ErC50 algae	17 – 19 mg/l (Raphidocelis subcapitata) (OECD 201 method)
NOEC chronic algae	0.35 mg/l (Raphidocelis subcapitata) (OECD 201 method)

Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 530 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus Source: IUCLID)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	338 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 - Fish [2]	830 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [semi-static] Source: EPA)
EC50 - Crustacea [2]	98 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 72h - Algae [1]	850 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus [static])
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	272 mg/l (Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)
ErC50 algae	> 100 mg/l
NOEC (chronic)	14.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic fish	4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '21 d'

12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Persistence and degradability	Not established.
Oils, peppermint (8006-90-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Rapidly degradable
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation	87.4 % (28 days) (OECD 301F method)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Urea hydrogen peroxide (124-43-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.09 Source: ChemIDplus
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer (9003-01-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.27 (at 20 °C (at pH >=3.59-<=3.63)
Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-0.77 Source: EPISUITE

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12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Ozone : Not a OSHA HazCom 2024 hazard endpoint
Fluorinated greenhouse gases : No
Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecological waste information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14 Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
14.1. UN number			
UN1760	UN1760	1760	1760
14.2. Proper Shipping Name			
Corrosive liquids, n.o.s. (Urea hydrogen peroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Urea hydrogen peroxide)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Urea hydrogen peroxide)	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Urea hydrogen peroxide)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)			
8	8	8	8
			
14.4. Packing group			
I	I	I	I
14.5. Environmental hazards			
Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No	Dangerous for the environment: No Marine pollutant: No	Dangerous for the environment: No
No supplementary information available			

14.6. Transport in bulk

Not applicable

14.7. Special precautions for user

DOT
UN-No. (DOT) : UN1760

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion. B10 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks, and DOT 57 portable tanks are not authorized. T14 - 6 mm Prohibited 178.275(g)(3). TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: t_r is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, t_f is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and α is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (t_f) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (t_r) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d_{15} and d_{50} are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively. TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 201
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 0.5 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	: 2.5 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
TDG	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN1760
TDG Special Provisions	: 16 - (1) The technical name of at least one of the most dangerous substances that predominantly contributes to the danger or dangers posed by the dangerous goods must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(ii)(A). The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3). (2) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical name: (a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S; (b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S; (c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S; (d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S; or (e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (3) Despite subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a small means of containment: (a) UN2814, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING HUMANS; or (b) UN2900, INFECTIOUS SUBSTANCE, AFFECTING ANIMALS.
ERAP Index	: 3000
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 0
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E0
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 0.5 L
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 154
IMDG	
Special provision (IMDG)	: 274

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Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 0
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E0
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P001
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T14
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP2, TP27
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-B - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Bravo - CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES
Stowage category (IMDG)	: B
Stowage and handling (IMDG)	: SW2
Properties and observations (IMDG)	: Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes.

IATA

Special provision (IATA)	: A3, A803
PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E0
PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	: Forbidden
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	: 850
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	: 0.5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	: 854
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	: 2.5L
ERG code (IATA)	: 8L

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

15.1. Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
Oils, peppermint	8006-90-4	Present	Active	
Urea hydrogen peroxide	124-43-6	Present	Active	
2-Propenoic acid, homopolymer	9003-01-4	Present	Active	XU
Sodium fluoride	7681-49-4	Present	Active	

This product or mixture is not known to contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Sodium fluoride (7681-49-4)

CERCLA RQ	1000 lb
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15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

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Component	State or local regulations
Urea hydrogen peroxide(124-43-6)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Sodium fluoride(7681-49-4)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

SECTION 16 Other information

according to 29 CFR § 1910.1200, Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2024)

Issue date : 11 February 2026
Other information : None.

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.